

Who's that Pokémoth? Barcoding Micro-Moths

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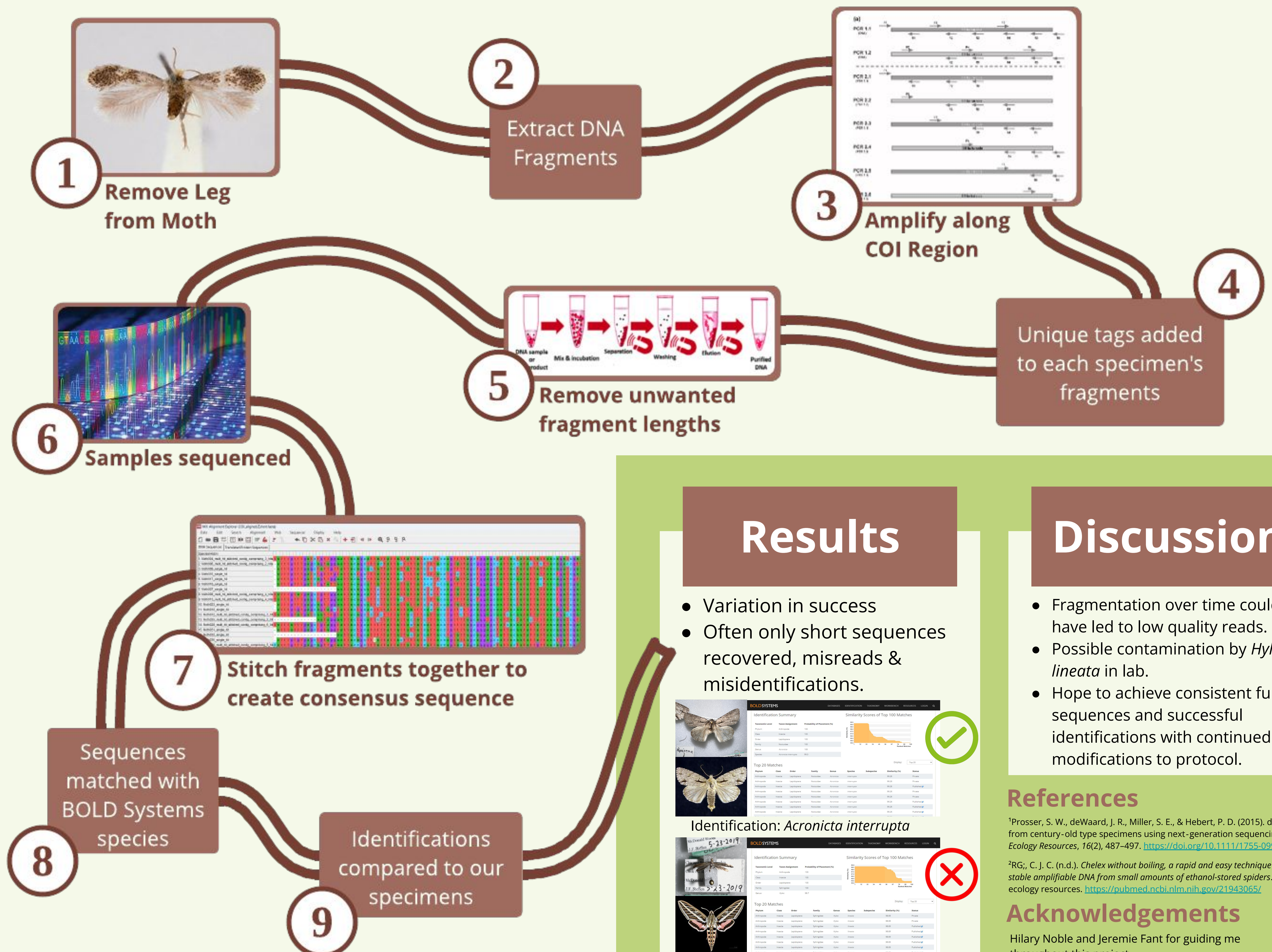
Introduction

- McDonald Woods undergoing restoration after severe degradation.
- Surveys of changing biodiversity have continued throughout recovery.
 - Incr. species of moths, Incr. woodland species diversity.
- Often, moths are too small or physically similar to other moths to differentiate species.
- Genetic information can be used to help identify tricky specimens.
 - COI Region, ~658 bp, site w/ low intraspecies diversity & high interspecies diversity.
 - DNA degraded from preservative.

Objective

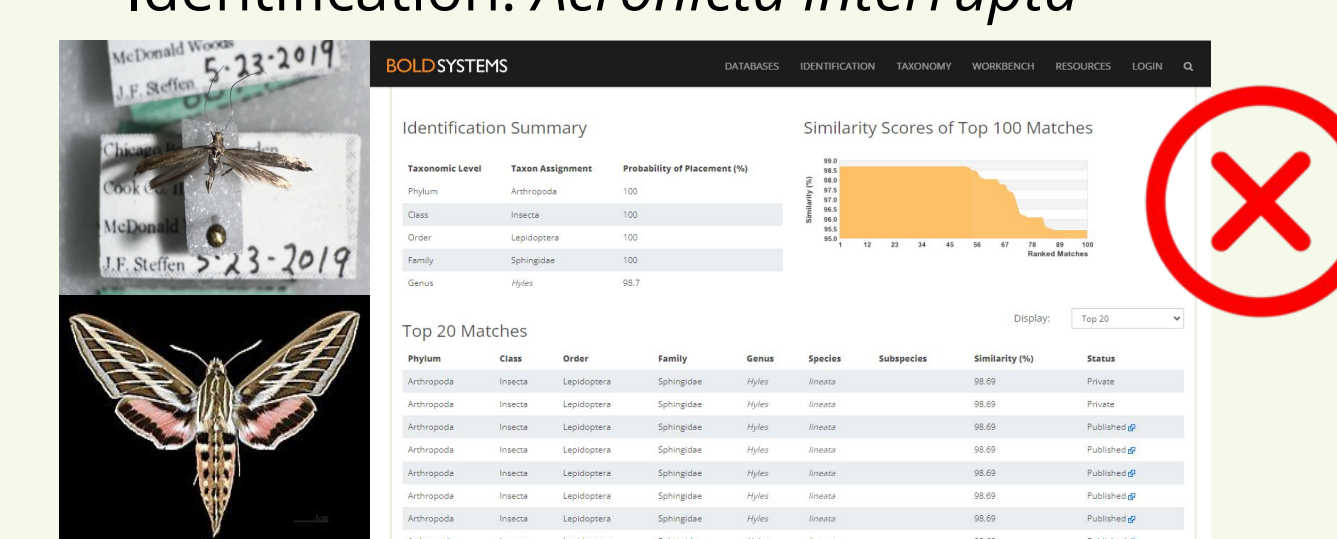
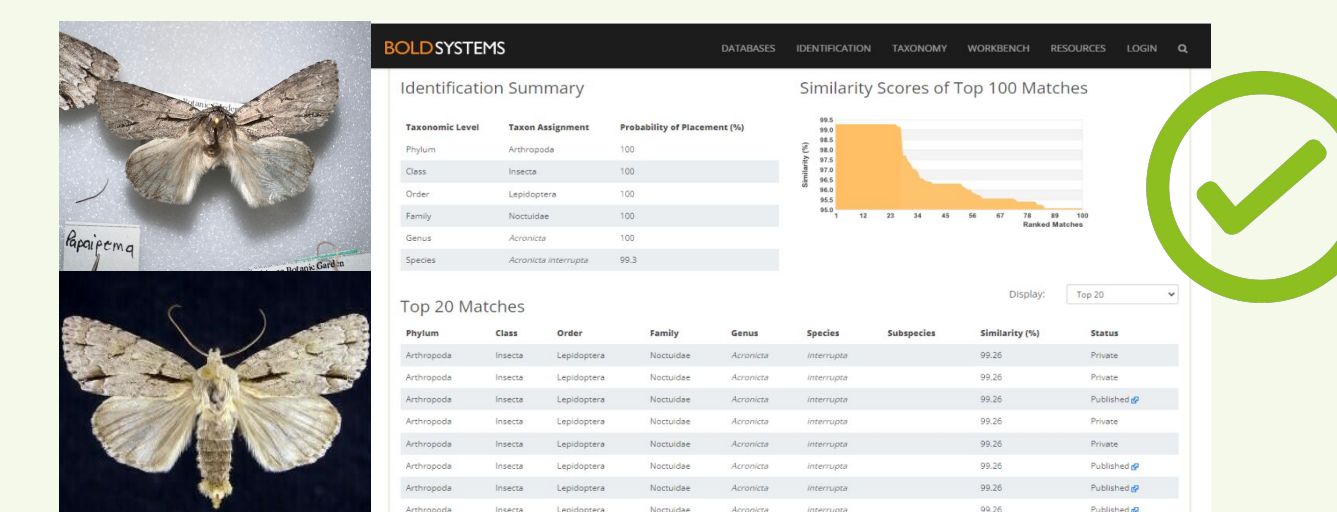
- Identify the 500+ individuals brought to CBG to species level without destroying the fragile moths.
 - Hope to preserve individual as museum specimens for further comparison to other unidentified moths.

Methods



Results

- Variation in success
- Often only short sequences recovered, misreads & misidentifications.



Discussion

- Fragmentation over time could have led to low quality reads.
- Possible contamination by *Hyles lineata* in lab.
- Hope to achieve consistent full sequences and successful identifications with continued modifications to protocol.

References

- ¹Prosser, S. W., deWaard, J. R., Miller, S. E., & Hebert, P. D. (2015). dna barcodes from century-old type specimens using next-generation sequencing. *Molecular Ecology Resources*, 16(2), 487–497. <https://doi.org/10.1111/1755-0998.12474>
- ²RG, C. J. C. (n.d.). *Chelex without boiling, a rapid and easy technique to obtain stable amplifiable DNA from small amounts of ethanol-stored spiders*. Molecular ecology resources. <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21943065/>

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